PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015 TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH -THE TURKISH TEXT IS AUTHORITATIVE)

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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITIONS (BALANCE SHEETS) AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
ASSETS			
Current assets		44.791.246	42.657.131
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	2.015.677	2.614.392
Trade Receivables		18.418.150	21.835.777
- Due From Related Parties	7	1.970.866	1.927.407
- Other Trade Receivables	8	16.447.284	19.908.370
Other Receivables		6.419.466	9.447.327
- Due From Related Parties	7	5.741.057	8.860.902
- Other receivables	10	678.409	586.425
Inventories	11	10.351.142	6.765.922
Prepaid Expenses	13	678.077	156.841
Prepaid Taxes	41	60.925	-
Other Current Assets	30	6.847.809	1.836.872
Non-Current Assets		104.782.338	79.523.300
Financial Assets	48	3.986.348	3.756.456
Other Receivables		1.800	1.800
- Other Receivables	10	1.800	1.800
Property, Plant and Equipment	15	96.420.590	75.502.358
Intangible Assets	18	249.993	253.293
Prepaid Expenses	13	4.123.607	9.393
TOTAL ASSETS		149.573.584	122.180.431

The financial statements at 1 January - 31 December 2015 and for the year then ended have been approved for issue by Board of Directors of Pinar Su Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. on 29 February 2016.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

ALTIN YUNUS ÇEŞME TURİSTİK TESİSLER A.Ş. STATEMENTS OF FİNANCIAL POSITIONS (BALANCE SHEETS) AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities		63.090.226	38.457.787
Short Term Borrowings		4.521.185	1.574.375
 Short Term Borrowings to Non-Related Parties 	25	4.521.185	1.574.375
Short-Term Portion of Long-Term Borrowings		6.389.020	4.879.201
 Short-Term Portion of Long-Term Borrowings 	25	6.389.020	4.879.201
Trade Payables		48.348.720	30.035.528
- Due to Related Parties	7	887.631	825.671
- Other Trade Payables	8	47.461.089	29.209.857
Payables for Employee Benefits	28	370.286	338.716
Other Payables		1.148.106	793.102
- Due to Related Parties	7	-	18.787
- Other Payables to Non-Related Parties	10	1.148.106	774.315
Deferred Income	13	1.111.322	236.762
Short-Term Provisions		1.201.587	600.103
- Provisions for Employee Benefits	28	269.545	261.621
- Other Short-Term Provisions	26	932.042	338.482
Non-Current Liabilities		32.738.344	24.779.651
Long-Term Borrowings		27.520.054	17.910.049
- Long-Term Borrowings to Non-Related Parties	25	27.520.054	17.910.049
Trade Payables	25	2.234.318	3.287.896
- Other Trade Payables	8	2.234.318	3.287.896
Long-Term Provisions	0	2.234.318	1.868.604
- Provisions for Employee Termination Benefits	28	2.062.644	1.868.604
Deferred Tax Liabilities	28 41	2.002.044 921.328	1.713.102
TOTAL LIABILITIES		95.828.570	63.237.438
		33.020.370	03.237.430
EQUITY		53.745.014	58.942.993
Share Capital	31	12.789.345	12.789.345
Adjustment to Share Capital	31	11.713.515	11.713.515
Other Comprehensive Income/ Expense not to			
be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		23.981.913	21.788.895
- Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	15	24.966.056	22.402.601
- Actuarial loss arising from Defined Benefit Plans		(984.143)	(613.706)
Other comprehensive Income/ Expense to be		()	()
Reclassified to Profit or Loss		1.100.990	917.076
- Fair Value Reserves of			
Available-for-Sale Investments	48	1.100.990	917.076
Restricted Reserves	31	4.180.008	4.180.008
Retained Earnings	0.	8.976.842	5.395.294
Profit/ (Loss) for the Year		(8.997.599)	2.158.860
		· · ·	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		149.573.584	122.180.431

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014	
Revenue	32	144.487.342	132.182.842	
Cost of Sales (-)	32	(75.741.973)	(75.387.129)	
GROSS PROFIT	32	68.745.369	56.795.713	
Marketing Expenses (-)	34	(59.125.429)	(48.531.995)	
General Administrative Expenses (-)	34	(15.243.623)	(12.418.491)	
Other Operating Income	35	654.677	770.366	
Other Operating Expenses (-)	35	(3.253.457)	(1.781.466)	
OPERATING LOSS		(8.222.463)	(5.165.873)	
Income from Investment Activities	36	1.316.619	9.442.719	
Expense from Investment Activities (-)	36	(91.549)	(3.645)	
OPERATING PROFIT/ (LOSS)				
BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSE		(6.997.393)	4.273.201	
Financial Income	38	1.926.394	1.045.150	
Financial Expenses (-)	38	(5.796.013)	(3.516.579)	
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(10.867.012)	1.801.772	
Tax income of Continuing Operations		1.869.413	357.088	
- Current Income Tax Expense	41	-	-	
- Deferred Tax Income	41	1.869.413	357.088	
PROFIT/ (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	42	(8.997.599)	2.158.860	
Earnings/ (Loss) per share		(0,7035)	0,1688	
- Earning/ (Loss) Per Share				
From Continuing Operations	42	(0,7035)	0,1688	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:				
Other comprehensive income/ expense not to be reclassified to profit or loss - Actuarial Loss Arising from Defined Benefit Plans - Increase in Revaluation Reserve	28	3.615.706 (463.046) 5.110.413	(214.744) (268.430)	
- Taxes for Other Comprehensive Income/ Expense	e	0.110.110		
not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	41	(1.031.661)	53.686	
Other Comprehensive Income/ Expense to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		183.914	(8.120.890)	
- (Decrease)/ Increase in Fair Value Reserve of Available-for-Sale Investments		229.892	(8.868.003)	
 Taxes for Other Comprehensive Income/ Expense to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss 	e 41	(45.978)	747.113	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/ INCOME		3.799.620	(8.335.634)	

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
A. CASH FLOWS FROM			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(0.007.500)	0.450.000
Net Period Income/ (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Cash		(8.997.599)	2.158.860
Generated from Operating Activities		10.882.567	2.879.640
Adjustment to Taxation on Income		(1.869.413)	(357.088)
Depreciation and Amortization of Fixed Assets	29	7.406.436	6.806.290
Gain from Sales of Property, Plant and Equipment - net	36	(573.511)	(127.738)
Impairment on property plant and equipment Interest Income	38	108.031	(249.022)
	38	(841.156) 3.909.064	(248.922) 2.910.049
Interest Expense Provision for Employment Termination Benefits	28	449.992	422.420
Provision for Spring Water Fee	26 26	2.093.242	2.841.595
Dividend Income	20 36	2.093.242	(172.523)
Unrealized Foreign Exchange (Gain)/ Loss	50	199.882	(91.408)
Gain from Sale of Available for Sale Investments	36	-	(9.103.035)
Changes in working capital		9.195.819	(2.109.801)
Increase in Trade Receivables	8	3.461.086	(6.921.088)
Decrease /(Increase) in Inventories	11	(3.585.220)	822.288
Decrease/ (Increase) in Trade Receivables From Related Parties	7	(43.459)	367.483
Decrease in Other Receivables from Operating Activities		(9.799.293)	1.501.488
Increase in Trade Payables	8	17.197.654	2.361.059
(Decrease)/ Increase in Due to Related Parties	7	61.960	(401.100)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Debt and Liabilities from Operating Ac		1.903.091	160.069
Employee Termination Benefits Paid	28	(740.684)	(842.092)
Litigation Expenses and Fees Paid Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	26	(2.093.242) (2.833.926)	(2.936.821) (3.778.913)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(2.033.920)	(3.776.913)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest Received	38	841.156	248.922
Dividends Received	7.ii.g	-	172.523
(Increase)/ Decrease in Non-Trade Receivables from Related Parties Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment	7	3.119.845	(8.430.922)
and Intangible Assets		(23.818.446)	(5.903.576)
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant and Equipment		1.094.577	326.794
Cash Inflow Related to Sale of Available for Sale Investments	48	-	13.165.000
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(18.762.868)	(421.259)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Inflows Related to Increase in Financial Liabilities		22.517.288	10.946.490
Redemption of Borrowings		(8.840.259)	(4.399.328)
Interest Paid		(3.740.950)	(2.297.982)
(Decrease)/ Increase in Non - Trade Due to Related Parties		(18.787)	(1.520.327)
Net Cash Generated from Financing Activities		9.917.292	2.728.853
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Before Foreign Currency Translation Differences		(598.715)	1.457.380
D. EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES			
ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-	-
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(598.715)	1.457.380
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT		(0001110)	
THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		2.614.392	1.157.012
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE			
END OF THE PERIOD	6	2.015.677	

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH**

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

Other comprehensive income/ (expense) not to be reclassified to profit or loss

	Share capital	Adjustment to share capital	Revaluation reserve	Actuarial loss arising from defined benefit plans	
Balances at 1 January 2014	12.789.345	11.713.515	23.749.585	(398.962)	
Adjustment (Note 48)	-	-	-	-	
Transfer of profit for prior year					
to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	
Sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-	(2.217)	-	
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(214.744)	
Depreciation transfer - net (Note 15)	-	-	(1.344.767)	-	
Balances at 31 December 2014	12.789.345	11.713.515	22.402.601	(613.706)	
Balances at 1 January 2015	12.789.345	11.713.515	22.402.601	(613.706)	
Transfer of profit for prior year					
to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	
Sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-	(82.437)	-	
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	3.986.143	(370.437)	
Depreciation transfer - net (Note 15)	-	-	(1.340.251)	-	
Balances at 31 December 2015	12.789.345	11.713.515	24.966.056	(984.143)	

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH**

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

Other comprehensive income/ (expense) to be classified

to profit or loss

Fair value				
reserve for			Profit/	
available -			(Loss)	
for sale	Restricted	Retained	for the	
investments	reserves	earnings	period	Total equity
16.850.943	4.180.008	12.689.795	(8.641.485)	72.932.744
(7.812.977)	-	-	-	(7.812.977)
-	-	(8.641.485)	8.641.485	-
-	-	2.217	-	-
(8.120.890)	-	-	2.158.860	(6.176.774)
-	-	1.344.767	-	- -
917.076	4.180.008	5.395.294	2.158.860	58.942.993
011.010	4.100.000	0.000.204	2.100.000	00.042.000
917.076	4.180.008	5.395.294	2.158.860	58.942.993
	_	2.158.860	(2.158.860)	
-	-	82.437	(2.138.800)	-
-	-	82.437	-	-
183.914	-	-	(8.997.599)	(5.197.979)
-	-	1.340.251	-	-
1.100.990	4.180.008	8.976.842	(8.997.599)	53.745.014

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Pinar Su Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (the "Company") is engaged in the production of bottled water under the brand name "Pinar Yaşam Pinarım". The Company's production facilities are located in Aydın, Isparta and Sakarya whereas the Company's headquarter is located in Izmir.

Sales and distribution of the Company's products in the domestic market are performed by its own sales departments and its exports are performed by Yaşar Dış Ticaret A.Ş. ("YDT"), which is Yaşar Group company (Note 7).

The Company is subject to the regulations of Turkish Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and 31,78% (2014: 31,78%) of its shares are quoted on the "Borsa Istanbul" ("BIST"). The ultimate parent of the Company is Yaşar Holding A.Ş ("Yaşar Holding") with 58.00% of shares of the Company (2014: 58,00%) (Note 31).

The Company is registered in Turkey and the address of the registered head office is as follows:

Şehit Fethibey Caddesi No:120 Alsancak/ İzmir

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1.1 Basis of Presentation of Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1, "Principals of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. According to the article 5 of the Communiqué, financial statements are prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") issued by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POAASA"). TAS contains Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") and its addendum and interpretations ("IFRIC").

The financial statements of the Company are prepared as per the CMB announcement of 7 June 2013 relating to financial statements presentations. Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to changes in the presentation of the current year's financial statements.

In accordance with the CMB resolution issued on 17 March 2005, listed companies operating in Turkey are not subject to inflation accounting effective from 1 January 2005. Therefore, the financial statements of the Company have been prepared accordingly.

The Company maintains its books of accounts and prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance and principles issued by CMB. Subsidiaries operating in foreign countries have prepared their financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations of the countries in which they operate. Other than land, buildings and land improvements, machinery and equipments and financial assets and liabilities carried at their fair values, financial statements are prepared and presented based on historical cost convention and in terms of Turkish Lira ("TL") which is the functional currency of the Company.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Amendments in Accounting Policies, Comparative Information and Correction of Prior Year Financial Statements

2.2.1 Amendments in Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

a) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued and effective as of 31 December 2015:

- Amendment to TAS 19 regarding defined benefit plans, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014. These narrow scope amendments apply to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. The objective of the amendments is to simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary.
- Annual Improvements 2012 and 2013: Effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014. There are some changes as a result of annual improvements projects 2010-2012 and 2011-2013 cycle.
- b) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued and effective as of 31 December 2015 have not been presented since they are not relevant to the operations of the Company or have insignificant impact on the financial statements.

c) New TFRS standards, amendments and TFRICs effective after 31 December 2015:

Amendment to TAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment' and TAS 38, 'Intangible assets', on depreciation and amortisation, effective from annual periods beginning on or after
 1 January 2016. In this amendment it has clarified that the use of revenue based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. It is also clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset.

Annual improvements 2014, effective from annual periods beginning on or after
 1 January 2016. These set of amendments impacts 4 standards:

- TFRS 5, 'Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations' regarding methods of disposal.
- TFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: Disclosures', (with consequential amendments to TFRS 1) regarding servicing contracts.
- TAS 19, 'Employee benefits' regarding discount rates.
- TAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting' regarding disclosure of information
- TAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The purpose of this change is to improve the presentation of financial statements and disclosures.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The new standard, appears as a result of alignment project with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in United States of America, aims the financial reporting of revenue and the world wide comparability of total revenues in financial statements. The new standard bases on the principal that revenue is accounted for when control of the good or service is transfered to customer, therefore control concept changes the current risk and reward concept.
- TFRS 9 'Financial instruments', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This standard replaces the guidance in TAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model.

The Company will determine the effects of these amendments above on the financial statements and will apply after effective date. The above mentioned amendments and interpretations are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

2.2.2 Comparative information and correction of prior year financial statements

The Company's financial statements are prepared comparatively in order to enable the identification of financial position and performance trends. The Company prepared the balance sheet as of 31 December 2015 comparing to the balance sheet as of 31 December 2014, the comprehensive income, equity movement and cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015 comparing to the comprehensive income, equity movement and cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2014. Comperative financial information are reclassified and significant differences are explained when necessary in order to be in line with the current presentation of financial statements.

2.3. Accounting policies, errors and changes in accounting estimates

Material changes in accounting policies and accounting errors are applied on a retrospective basis as if a prior period error had never occurred or the policy had always been applied. The effect of change in accounting estimate shall be recognized prospectively by including it in the statements of comprehensive income within the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

2.4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are summarized below:

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4.1 Revenue

Revenues are recognized on an accrual basis at the time deliveries are made, services are given and significant risks and rewards are transferred to the buyer, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and **it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company** at the fair value of considerations received or receivable. Net sales represent the invoiced value of goods shipped less sales returns, sales discounts and commissions given (Note 32).

The Company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is recognised as follows:

Sales of goods:

Sales of goods are recognised when the Company has delivered or sold products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured. It is the Company's policy to sell its products to the customers with a right of return. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for such returns at the time of sale.

Sales of services:

Sales of services are accounted for in the period that they are provided by taking into consideration the completion rate.

Interest income:

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

Dividend income:

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

2.4.2 Inventory

Company's raw materials mainly consist of materials and packaging materials which are used to produce bottled water, finished goods mainly consist of bottled water.

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses. Cost elements included in inventories comprise all costs of purchase of material and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition such as labor and appropriate amount of factory overheads (based on normal operating capacities). The cost of inventories is determined on the monhtly weighted average basis (Note 11).

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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except for land and land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, in the equivalent purchasing power of TL as at 31 December 2004 and items acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, less the subsequent depreciation and impairment loss, if any, as of 31 December 2015. The Company's land and land improvements, buildings and machinery and equipments are stated at fair value, based on valuations by external independent valuer at 31 December 2015, namely TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. (Note 2.5.i and 15). As of the date of the revaluation, the accumulated depreciation of the property, plant and equipment subject to revaluation is netted by the cost of the property, plant and equipment and in the following periods revalued net book value is taken into consideration.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of land, land improvements, buildings and machinery and equipment are credited to the revaluation reserve in equity, net of applicable deferred income tax. For certain assets, the increase was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income to the extent that it reversed the impairment of the same asset previously recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against that reserve; all other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset (the depreciation charged to the statement of comprehensive income) and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to the accumulated losses.

Buildings, machinery and equipment are capitalised and depreciated when they are in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. At each balance sheet date, residual values and estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, prospectively.

Advances given for property, plant and equipment purchases are classified in prepaid expenses under non-current assets until related assets is capitalized. In each reporting period, salvage values of property, plant and equipments and approximate useful lives are reassessed and necessary adjustments are performed prospectively.

Depreciation is provided on the cost or revalued amounts of property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis less any impairment (Note 15). Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipments are as follows:

Buildings and land improvements	25 - 45 years
Machinery and equipments	5 - 25 years
Motor vehicles (including leased machinery and equipment)	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years

As of the balance sheet date, the useful lives of assets are reassessed and adjusted when necessary. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying value recognised as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment losses, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. For the purpose of assessing impairment, property plant and equipment assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less cost to sell or value in use. If the asset subject to impairment was revalued, the impairment loss is first deducted from revaluation fund and the remaining part is accounted for in comprehensive income statement.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the statements of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred. The Company derecognizes the carrying amounts of the replaced parts related to renovations regardless of whether the replaced parts were depreciated separately. Major overhauls are depreciated over shorter of their useful lives or the remaining useful life of the related assets. Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amounts and are included in the related income and expense accounts, as appropriate. On the disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to the retained earnings.

2.4.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets have finite useful lives and mainly comprise of information technology systems, programs and some other rights. These assets acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, in the equivalent purchasing power of TL as at 31 December 2004 and items acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, less the subsequent depreciation and impairment loss, if any, as of 31 December 2015. Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense when incurred. The intangible assets recorded at acquisition cost are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives for a period of five years from the date of acquisition. Gain or losses on disposals or on impairments of intangible assets with respect to their amounts are included in the related income and expense accounts. Residual values of intangible assets are deemed as negligible. Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable (Note 18). For the purpose of assessing impairment, intangible assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less cost sell or value in use.

2.4.5 Impairment of assets

Impairment of financial assets

Assets carried at amortized cost

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The criteria that the Company uses to determine that there is objective evidence of an impairment loss include:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor,
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments,
- The Company, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granting to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider,
- It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation,

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the portfolio, including:
 - (i) Adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the portfolio; and
 - (ii) National or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the portfolio.

The Company first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognized impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

- Assets classified as available for sale

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, impairment losses recognized in the consolidated comprehensive income statement, on equity instruments are not reversed through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment of non-financial assets:

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether there is an impairment indication for the assets, except for the deferred income tax asset. When an indication of impairment exists, the company estimates the recoverable amounts of such assets. The recoverable amounts of intangible assets not yet available for use to be masured annually. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4.6 Borrowing and borrowing cost

Borrowings are recognized initially at the proceeds received, net of any transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, borrowings are restated at amortized cost using the effective yield method. Any difference between proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings. Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred (Note 37). If the borrowings mature within 12 months, then they are classified in current liabilities, otherwise they are classified in non-current liabilities (Note 25). Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility to which it relates.

2.4.7 Financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is an impairment indication for the assets, except for the deferred income tax asset. When an indication of impairment exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amounts of such assets. The recoverable amounts of intangible assets not yet available for use to be masured annually. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

i. Classification

- Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables constitute non-derivative financial instruments, which are not quoted in active markets and have fixed or scheduled payments. If the maturity of these instruments are less than 12 months, these loans and receivables are classified in current assets and if more than 12 months, classified in non-current assets. The loans and receivables are included in Trade receivables and Other receivables in the balance sheet.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Available-for-sale investments

The financial instruments that can not be subject to a different classification and that can be sold in order to meet the liquidity need or as a result of changes in interest rates and hold without any time constraint are classified as available-for-sale investments. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period. The Company management is performing appropriate classification of these financial instruments as of the purchase date and is reassessing on a regular basis.

ii. Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date -the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. If the Company's financial assets that the Company has shares less than 20%, does not possess control or significant influence and classified as available for sale assets, are traded in stock exchange are accounted for by taking into account the market values. If there is not any active market, the Company is calculating the fair value of the financial asset by using generally accepted valuation standards. When the fair value of the financial assets can not be reliably measured due to the fact that there is not any market value, other methods used in order to calculate fair value are not appropriate and performable, the carrying amount of the financial asset acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, in the equivalent purchasing power of TL as at 31 December 2004 and items acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, less the subsequent depreciation and impairment loss, if any, as of 31 December 2015.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value.

Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized in the statement of income as part of investment income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available for sale are recognized in other comprehensive income. When securities classified as available for sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in equity are included in the income statement as 'gains and losses from investment securities'. Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the income statement as part of other income.

The Company does not have financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and held to maturity financial assets.

2.4.8. Foreign currency translations and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year have been translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. The exchange differences that were recorded are recognised in the statements of income and other comprehensive income as part of the profit for the year.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4.9 Earnings/ (loss) per share

Earnings/ (loss) per share disclosed in the statement of income and other comprehensive income are determined by dividing net profit/ (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the year concerned (Note 42). Companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings/ (loss) per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issues without a corresponding change in resources, by giving them retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier year. In case of dividend distribution, earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the number of shares, rather than dividing by weighted average number of shares outstanding.

2.4.10 Subsequent events

Subsequent events, announcements related to net profit or even declared after other selective financial information has been publicly announced, include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date when balance sheet was authorized for issue.

In the case that events require a correction to be made occur subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Company makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements. Moreover, the events that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date and that do not require a correction to be made are disclosed in accompanying notes, where the decisions of the users of financial statements are affected.

2.4.11 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company are treated as contingent assets or liabilities. The Company does not recognise contingent assets and liabilities. A contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable (Note 26).

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

i) Employee Benefits/Termination Benefit

Provision for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total provision of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees calculated in accordance with the Turkish Labour Law. In accordance with existing social legislation and Turkish Labor Law in Turkey, the Company is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities to each employee whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct and who has completed at least one year of service. Provision is made for the present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated using the projected unit credit method (Note 28). All actuarial gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income in the statements of comprehensive income.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

ii. Bonus Provision

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for bonus and profit-sharing for the management and board of directors, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the shareholders after certain adjustments. The Company recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.4.12 Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control, joint control or significant influence over the Company, Yaşar Group companies, key management personnel and board members of the Company or parent Company "Yaşar Holding" and their close family members, together companies controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them are considered as and referred to as related parties (Note 7).

2.4.13 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who takes strategic decisions on allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the key management.

The chief operating decision makers regularly monitor and review the operational results based on the main products' performances in domestic and foreign markets. However, as the nature of the products, production processes, type of customers, distribution methods and regulatory environment for the operations of the Company are identical, and the operations performed in foreign markets is not significant, there is a single reportable segment, and segment reporting is not applicable.

2.4.14 Current and deferred income taxes

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred income tax. The current income tax liability includes the taxes payable calculated on the taxable portion of the period income with tax rates enacted on the balance sheet date (Note 41).

Deferred income tax income or expense is recognized in the statement of income and other comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. In case, when the tax is related to items recognized directly in equity and other comprehensive income, the tax is also recognized in equity and other comprehensive income.

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects either accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets or liabilities are reflected to the financial statements to the extent that they will provide an increase or decrease in the taxes payable for the future periods where the temporary differences will be reversed. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred income tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. To the extent that deferred income tax assets will not be utilized, the related amounts have been deducted accordingly.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4.15 Statement of cash flow

In the statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified into three categories as operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities are those resulting from the Company's production and sales activities. Cash flows from investing activities indicate cash inflows and outflows resulting from property, plant and equipment and financial investments. Cash flows from financing activities indicate the resources used in financing activities and the repayment of these resources. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand accounts, bank deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with maturities equal or less than three months.

2.4.16 Share capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends payable on shares are recognized as an appropriation of the profit in the period in which they are declared. Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Preparation of financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the amount of assets and liabilities recognized as of the balance sheet date, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and the amount of revenue and expenses reported. Although these estimates and assumptions rely on the Company management's best knowledge about current events and transactions, actual outcomes may differ from those estimates and assumptions. Significant estimates of the Company management are as follows:

i) Revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements, machinery and equipments

Revaluations are performed with the sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts of the revalued property, plant and equipment and investment properties do not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting periods. The frequency of the revaluation depends upon the changes in the fair values of the items of property, plant and equipment and investment properties. When the fair value of a revalued asset differs materially from its carrying amount, a further revaluation is required and revaluation is performed for entire class of revalued item simultaneously. Besides, for items of property, plant and equipment and investment properties with only insignificant changes in fair value frequent revaluations and fair value measurements are considered unnecessary.

As there were no recent similar buying/selling transactions nearby, revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements and machinery and equipment were based on the method of cost approach and based on the following valuation techniques and assumptions;

- Revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements and machinery and equipment were based on the method of cost approach, considering existing utilization of the aforementioned property, plant and equipments are consistent to the highest and best use approach.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- In the market reference comparison method, current market information was utilized, taking into consideration the comparable property in the market in recent past in the region, price adjustment was made within the framework of criteria that could affect market conditions, and accordingly an average m² sale value was determined for lands subject to the valuation. The similar pieces of land found were compared in terms of location, accessibility, size, settlement status, changes in settlement status, physical conditions, real estate marketing firms were consulted for up-to-date valuation of the estate market, also, current information and experience of the professional valuation company was utilized.
- In the cost approach method, fair value of the buildings and land improvements was calculated by considering recent re-construction costs and related depreciation. In the cost approach method, above explained market reference comparison method was used in calculation of the land value, one of the components.
- Since a fully integrated industrial plant was in discussion, the revaluation work was performed based on all the active and functioning assets in the integrated plant rather than taking as basis the data for the second-hand market within the scope of the valuation of the machinery and equipment. Such machinery and equipment were reviewed and assessed by their line.

that would result from the outcome of a sales transaction between independent parties.

As of initial recognition and as of balance sheet date, the Company performs impairment assessment for buildings, land improvements and machinery and equipment of which valuations are based on cost approach, accordance with the "TAS 36 Impairment of Assets", and no impairment indicator is identified.

ii) Fair value determination of available-for-sale investments

The generally accepted valuation techniques used in fair value determination of available-for-sale investments for which there is no quoted market price exists, consist of several assumptions, which are based on the management's best estimates and fair value available-for-sale investments could be different when the purchase/ sales of the transactions incurred (Note 48).

iii) Income taxes

There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business and significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. The Company recognizes tax liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. In this respect, the Company did not recognise deferred income tax assets arising from tax losses carried forward and other deductible differences as their future utilisation is not virtually certain (Note 41). Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.6. Offsetting

All items with significant amounts and nature, even with similar characteristics, are presented separately in the financial statements. Insignificant amounts are grouped and presented by means of items having similar substance and function. When the nature of transactions and events necessitate offsetting, presentation of these transactions and events over their net amounts or recognition of the assets after deducting the related impairment are not considered as a violation of the rule of non-offsetting. As a result of the transactions in the normal course of business, revenue other than sales are presented as net if the nature of the transaction or the event qualify for offsetting.

2.7 Compliance declaration to resolutions published by POAASA and TAS/ TFRS

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority. As Company management, we declare that the current and previous period financial statements together with the summary of the important accounting policies and notes to the financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 4 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

Please see Note 48.

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING

Please see Note 2.4.13.

NOTE 6 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Cash in hand	4.702	18.178
Banks	91.132	1.298.599
- Demand deposits	91.132	1.298.599
- Turkish Lira	91.132	1.298.599
Other	1.919.843	1.297.615
	2.015.677	2.614.392

Company does not have any time deposits as of both 31 December 2015 and 2014. Other cash and cash equivalents includes the credit cards slips with an average term of 30 days (31 December 2014: 30 days).

Based on the independent data with respect to the credit risk assessment of the banks at which the Company has deposits, the credit quality of banks is sufficient. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents approximate carrying values, including accrued income at the respective balance sheet dates.

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NOTE 7 - TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Due from and due to related parties and the transactions with related parties as of and for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

i) Balances with related parties:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
a)Trade receivables from related parties:		
Yaşar Dış Ticaret A.Ş. ("YDT")	1.627.614	1.342.667
DYO Boya Fabrikaları Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DYO Boya")	198.661	312.273
Pınar Entegre Et ve Un Sanayii A.Ş. ("Pınar Et")	-	10.862
Other	152.059	266.583
	1.978.334	1.932.385
Less: Unearned finance income	(7.468)	(4.978)
	1.970.866	1.927.407

As of 31 December 2015, effective weighted average interest rates of due from related parties to TL and EUR denominated receivables are 11,04% and 2,08% p.a., respectively (31 December 2014: TL and EUR denominated receivables are 8,67%, 2,17% respectively) and due from related parties mature within one month (31 December 2014: one month).

Due from related party balances are mainly resulted from the sales of bottled water. Sales and distribution of the Company's products in the domestic market are performed by its own sales departments and its exports are performed by YDT, as further explained in Note 1 to the financial statements.

As of 31 December 2015, due from related parties amounting to TL733.561 (31 December 2014: TL1.176.137) were overdue for a period of 3 months (31 December 2014: 3 months).

Company management believes that no additional credit risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the Company's receivables from related parties.

b) Other receivables from related parties:

	5.741.057	8.860.902
Other	-	33.541
Yaşar Dış Ticaret	-	115.370
DYO Boya	-	169.773
Yaşar Holding	5.741.057	8.542.218

As of 31 December 2015, the Company has short-term receivables from Yaşar Holding amounting to TL5.741.057 (2014: TL8.542.218) which are non-trade. The effective weighted average interest rate applied to those receivables is 12% p.a. (2014: 10% p.a.). Company management expects to collect other receivables from Yaşar Holding between three to twelve months.

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NOTE 7 - TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

As of 31 December 2014, the other receivables from related parties are attributable to bail commission charges in relation to bank borrowings obtained by Yaşar Group Companies from international capital markets and a financial institution under the guarantee of the Company (Note 38). Other receivables from related parties have an average maturity of 3-12 months.

c) Trade payables to related parties:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Yaşar Holding	754.740	657.890
Pınar Foods GmbH ("Pınar Foods")	79.440	70.518
Other	56.696	102.837
	890.876	831.245
Less: Unearned finance cost	(3.245)	(5.574)
	887.631	825.671

The effective weighted average interest rate applied to due to related parties is 11,02% p.a. as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: 8,46% p.a.) Due to related parties mature mainly within 1 months (31 December 2014: 1 months).

d) Other payables to related parties:

Yaşar Birleşik Pazarlama Dağıtım Turzim ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("YBP")	-	14.750
Other	-	4.037
	-	18.787

ii) Transactions with related parties:

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
a) Product sales:		
YDT	10.425.382	8.882.203
Other	925.256	872.763
	11.350.638	9.754.966

Export sales and distribution of the Company's products are performed by YDT.

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NOTE 7 - TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

		1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
		ST December 2015	31 December 2014
)	Service sales:		
YDT		308.288	254.231
Desa		168.445	208.667
Yaşar	Holding	23.509	149.579
Other		283.667	125.048
		783.909	737.525
c)	Service purchases:		
Yasar	Holding	2.876.627	2.622.031
YDT		804.321	855.432
Bintur	r Turizm ve Catering Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Bintur")	257.734	210.092
YBP	с з х <i>у</i>	243.005	185.064
Pınar	Süt Mamülleri Sanayii A.Ş. ("Pınar Süt")	109.237	190.955
Other		184.362	86.285
		4.475.286	4.149.859
Servio	ce purchases from Yaşar Holding are mainly related with the cons	ultancy charges.	
d)	Product purchases:		
d)	Product purchases:		
Pinar	Süt	91.094	61.841
Pınar	Süt	91.094 4.872	61.841 7.857
d) Pınar <u>Other</u>	Süt		
Pınar	Süt	4.872	7.857
Pınar <u>Other</u> e)	Süt	4.872	7.857
Pinar <u>Other</u> e) YDT	Süt	4.872 95.966	7.857 69.698
Pınar <u>Other</u> e) YDT Yaşar	Süt Financial and other expense: Holding	4.872 95.966 193.121	7.857 69.698 239.528
Pınar <u>Other</u> e) YDT Yaşar	Süt Financial and other expense: Holding Enerji	4.872 95.966 193.121	7.857 69.698 239.528 81.295

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NOTE 7 - TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

Financial and other income: f)

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Yaşar Holding	651.701	627.008
YBP	485.197	178.202
Dyo Boya	129.664	124.082
Viking Kağıt	49.560	98.391
Other	67.028	60.040
	1.383.150	1.087.723

The other finance income mainly consists of bail and finance commisions in relation to the bank borrowings obtained by the related parties from international capital markets and a financial institution under the guarantee of the Company. The bail and finance commission rates used in the intercompany charges are %0,50 p.a. both (31 December 2014: %0,50 p.a. both) (Note 38).

Dividends received: g)

YBP	-	172.523
	-	172.523
n) Property, plant and equipment purchases:		
/DT	138.601	-
Yaşar Holding	-	104.568
Other	7.913	17.713
	146.514	122.281
) Property, plant and equipment sales:		
Yaşar Holding	118.812	-
	118.812	-

I) **Bails given:**

As of 31 December 2015, bails given are mainly related to joint guarantees provided by The Company with Yaşar Group Companies for repayment of borrowings obtained by Yaşar Group companies from financial institutions amounting to EUR 22.222.222 equivalent of TL70.613.333 (31 December 2014: EUR33.333.333 equivalent of TL94.023.333).

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NOTE 7 - TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

j) Bails received:

Bails received are mainly related with the bails provided by YDT, a Yaşar Group company, for repayment of borrowings obtained from a domestic financial institution amounting to TL31.341.612 and EUR556.045, equivalent of TL33.108.501 as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 20.002.432 and EUR783.507, equivalent of TL22.212.470).

k) Key management compensation:

Key management includes chief executive operations officer, general manager; director and members of board of directors. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee service is shown below:

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Short-term employee benefits	927.969	722.497
After severance benefits	96.286	26.030
Benefits provided due to dismissals	-	-
Bonus and profit-sharing	22.680	-
Other long-term benefits	7.684	1.227
	1.054.619	749.754

NOTE 8 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
a) Short-term trade receivables		
Customer current accounts	13.116.492	14.296.652
Cheques and notes receivables	5.531.604	6.693.342
	18.648.096	20.989.994
Less: Provision for impairment of receivables	(1.976.010)	(881.812)
Unearned finance income	(224.802)	(199.812)
	16.447.284	19.908.370

At 31 December 2015, the effective weighted average interest rate applied to short-term trade receivables is 11,05% p.a. (31 December 2014: 8,70% p.a.) and average collection terms of trade receivables are within 2 months (31 December 2014: 2 months).

The aging of trade receivables as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

	16.447.284	19.908.370
91 days and over	1.439.809	1.729.872
61 - 90 days	1.942.993	2.193.974
31 - 60 days	5.689.558	6.649.319
0 - 30 days	4.800.667	6.316.604
Overdue	2.574.257	3.018.601

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NOTE 8 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the Company's widely dispersed customer base, covering the spectrum of manufacturing and distribution and the variety of available end markets in which they sell. The Company's past experience in collection of accounts receivable falls within the recorded allowances. Due to this fact, management believes that no additional credit risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the Company's trade receivables.

The aging of overdue receivables as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

	2.574.257	3.018.601
91 - 180 days	443.492	420.479
0 - 90 days	2.130.765	2.598.122
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014

As of 31 December 2015, trade receivables of TL2.574.257 (31 December 2014: TL3.018.601) were past due and the Company holds collateral amounting to TL706.630 (31 December 2014: TL1.648.122) as security for such receivables.

The aging of overdue receivables as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

	2015	2014
1 January	(881.812)	(827.885)
Charged to the statement of comprehensive income (Note 35.b)	(1.100.498)	(54.927)
Collections	6.300	1.000
31 December	(1.976.010)	(881.812)
b) Short-term trade payables:		
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Supplier current accounts	47.847.621	29.502.666
Less: Unincurred finance cost	(386.532)	(292.809)
	47.461.089	29.209.857

As of 31 December 2015, the effective weighted average interest rates applied to TL and EUR denominated payables are 11,05 % p.a., 2,60 % p.a. respectively (31 December 2014: 8,82 % p.a., %2,49). Trade payables mature within two months (31 December 2014: two months).

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NOTE 8 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

c) Long-term trade payables:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Supplier non - current accounts	2.234.318	3.287.896
	2.234.318	3.287.896

Long term trade payables to consist of the payables to foreign supplier due to machine purchases related to the investments in progress in Bursa.

The redemption schedules of long-term trade payables as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

	2.234.318	3.287.896
2018	745.147	661.457
2017	1.489.171	1.322.908
2016	-	1.303.531

Long term trade payables consist of payables due to property, plant and equipment purchases amounting to EUR 703.146 (31 December 2014: EUR 1.172.500) and effective weighted average interest rate is 2,60% p.a. (31 December 2014: 2,49% p.a.).

NOTE 9 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES FROM FINANCE SECTOR OPERATIONS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
a) Other short-term receivables		
Value added tax ("VAT") receivables	595.971	548.592
Deposits and guarantees given	77.345	28.132
Other	5.093	9.701
	678.409	586.425
b) Other long-term receivables		
Deposits and guarantees given	1.800	1.800
	1.800	1.800

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NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

c) Other payables	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Taxes and funds payables	769.940	387.909
Deposits and guarantees received	374.064	383.918
Other	4.102	2.488
	1.148.106	774.315

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Water bottle stocks	3.803.044	1.099.590
Raw materials	2.814.706	1.908.235
Finished goods	1.886.392	1.952.839
Spare parts	980.315	1.066.599
Pallet stocks	726.998	575.801
Other	139.687	162.858
	10.351.142	6.765.922

Cost of inventories recognized as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to TL47.014.340 (31 December 2014: TL46.108.554) (Note 29). Raw materials mainly consist of materials and packaging materials which are used to produce bottled water. The other inventory items are valued at their costs and there is no impairment.

NOTE 12 - BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 13 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

a) Prepaid expenses - current	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Prepaid expenses	672.609	155.973
Order advances given	5.468	868
	678.077	156.841

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NOTE 13 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME (Continued)

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
b) Prepaid expenses - non - current		
Advances given	4.123.607	-
Prepaid expenses	-	9.393
	4.123.607	9.393

Non-current prepaid expenses consist of the advances given related to the investments in progress in Bursa.

c) Deferred income

Advances received	1.111.322	236.762
	1.111.322	236.762

NOTE 14 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

None (31 December 2014: None).

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NOTE 15 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements of property, plant and equipment between 1 January - 31 December 2015 was as follows:

				Disposal of		Accumulated		
				revaluation		depreciation		
				fund arising		net off		
	1 January			from sales of		before	Revaluation	31 December
	2015	Additions (*)	Disposals	fixed asset	Transfers	revaluation	(**)	2015
Cost/ revaluation:								
Land	8.894.000	-	-	-	-	-	(796.480)	8.097.520
Buildings and land improvements	17.553.919	45.115	-	-	7.567.287	(1.894.197)	3.687.648	26.959.772
Machinery and equipment	51.705.910	567.196	(636.913)	-	4.675.964	(14.399.802)	2.132.820	44.045.175
Motor vehicles	492.864	-	(263.818)	-	-	-	-	229.046
Furniture and fixtures	19.080.937	3.649.206	(685.320)	-	376.570	-	-	22.421.393
Construction in progress	737.719	19.492.395	-	-	(12.619.821)	-	-	7.610.293
	98.465.349	23.753.912	(1.586.051)	-	-	(16.293.999)	5.023.988	109.363.199
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and land improvements	(1.115.512)	(778.685)	-	-	-	1.894.197	-	-
Machinery and equipment	(10.426.379)	(4.397.637)	424.214	-	-	14.399.802	-	-
Motor vehicles	(319.399)	(47.988)	262.875	-	-	-	-	(104.512)
Furniture and fixtures	(11.101.701)	(2.114.292)	377.896	-	-	-	-	(12.838.097)
	(22.962.991)	(7.338.602)	1.064.985	-	-	16.293.999	-	(12.942.609)
Net book value	75.502.358							96.420.590

(*) The significant portion of the additions performed in year 2015 is related to Bursa plant investment. In addition to this, significant portion of the additions to furniture and fixtures is related to cooler purchases.

(**) Decrease in revaluation fund amounting to TL108.031 is accounted for in profit and loss statements (Note 35.b).

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NOTE 15 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Movements of property, plant and equipment between 1 January - 31 December 2014 was as follows:

	1 January 2014	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2014
Cost/ revaluation:				
Land	7.364.000	1.530.000	-	8.894.000
Buildings and land improvements	17.261.249	292.670	-	17.553.919
Machinery and equipment	51.365.019	407.233	(66.342)	51.705.910
Motor vehicles	311.001	181.863	-	492.864
Furniture and fixtures	16.771.179	2.626.932	(317.174)	19.080.937
Construction in progress	-	737.719	-	737.719
	93.072.448	5.776.417	(383.516)	98.465.349
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and land improvements	(364.307)	(751.205)	-	(1.115.512)
Machinery and equipment	(6.200.533)	(4.282.064)	56.218	(10.426.379)
Motor vehicles	(300.463)	(18.936)	-	(319.399)
Furniture and fixtures	(9.578.780)	(1.651.163)	128.242	(11.101.701)
	(16.444.083)	(6.703.368)	184.460	(22.962.991)
Net book value	76.628.365			75.502.358

Additions to the property, plant and equipment within the year 2014 mainly consist of machinery purchases due to construction in progress.

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NOTE 15 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Current year's depreciation and amortisation charges were allocated to cost of production by TL4.372.225 (31 December 2014: TL4.923.068), to selling and marketing expenses by TL1.980.187 (31 December 2014: TL1.542.337) (Note 34.b) and to general and administrative expenses by TL1.054.024 (31 December 2014: TL340.885) (Note 34.a).

Movements in revaluation reserve related to land, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

1 January 2014	23.749.585
Depreciation on revaluation reserve transferred	
to retained earnings-net	(1.344.767)
Disposal from revaluation reserve due to sales of property,	
plant and equipment - net	(2.217)
31 December 2014	22.402.601
Depreciation on revaluation reserve transferred	
to retained earnings-net	(1.340.251)
Increase in revaluation reserve of	
land, land improvements and buildings - net	3.986.143
Disposal from revaluation reserve due to sales of property,	
plant and equipment - net	(82.437)
31 December 2015	24.966.056

The carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipments that would have been recognised if the assets have been carried under the cost model at 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

31 December 2015:	Land	Building and land improvements	Machinery and equipment
Cost	2.456.794	17.813.322	53.338.992
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(4.785.199)	(34.156.434)
Net book value	2.456.794	13.028.123	19.182.558
31 December 2014:			
Cost	2.456.794	10.200.920	48.732.744
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(4.202.836)	(31.662.002)
Net book value	2.456.794	5.998.084	17.070.742

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NOTE 16 - RIGHTS TO INTERESTS ARISING FROM DECOMMISSIONING, RESTORATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL REHABILITATION FUNDS

None (31 December 2014: None)

NOTE 17 - MEMBERS' SHARES IN CO-OPERATIVE ENTITIES AND SIMILAR INSTRUMENTS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 18 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The movements of intangible assets and related accumulated amortisation for the periods 1 January - 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follow:

	1 January 2015	Additions	31 December 2015
Costs:			
Rights	1.559.113	64.534	1.623.647
Accumulated amortisation	(1.305.820)	(67.834)	(1.373.654)
Net book value	253.293	(3.300)	249.993
	1 January 2014	Additions	31 December 2014
Costs:			
Rights	1.431.954	127.159	1.559.113
Accumulated amortisation	(1.202.898)	(102.922)	(1.305.820)
Net book value	229.056	24.237	253.293

NOTE 19 - GOODWILL

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 20 - EXPLORATION FOR AND EVALUATION OF MINERAL RESOURCES

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 21 - LEASING

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 22 - SERVICE CONCESSION AGREEMENTS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 23 - IMPAIRMENT IN ASSETS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 24 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND INCENTIVES

In 2013, the Company has obtained deduction of investment incentive amounting to TL14.433.545 due to supporting programme of manufacturing industry, nonalcoholic beverage production of ministry of Economy and in 2015 obtained additional investment incentive amounting to TL8.308.639 the total of which is TL22.742.185. Deferred income tax amounting to TL4.133.005 related to the investment incentive mentioned in years of 2015 and 2014.

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NOTE 25 - BORROWINGS AND BORROWING COSTS

	Effective weightedaverage interest rate p.a. %		Original currency		TL equivalent	
Short term borrowings:	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Borrowings TL (*)	13,08	7,95	4.521.185	1.574.375	4.521.185	1.574.375
Short term portion of long terr	m borrowings:					
Borrowings TL (**)	12,37	11,03	5.615.495	4.221.066	5.615.495	4.221.066
Borrowings EUR (***)	4,75	4,75	243.431	233.323	773.525	658.135
Total short term borrowings					10.910.205	6.453.576
Long term borrowings:						
Borrowings TL (**)	12,39	11,17	26.513.961	16.341.612	26.513.961	16.341.612
Borrowings EUR (***)	4,75	4,75	316.620	556.045	1.006.093	1.568.437
Total long term borrowings					27.520.054	17.910.049

(*) TL denominated short-term bank borrowings consist of borrowings with spot loans fixed interest rates of 13,08 % p.a.(31 December 2014: Interest rates of 7,95 % p.a).

(**) As of 31 December 2015, TL borrowings amounting TL22.679.728 with spot loans fixed interest rate 11,69%, TL9.449.728 denominated bank borrowings consist of semi-annually repricing floating interest rate TRLIBOR+2,70% p.a (31 December 2014: borrowings with fixed interest rate of 10,92% p.a. and floating rate is TRLIBOR+2,70 p.a.).

(***) EUR denominated short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings and long-term bank borrowings consist of borrowings with fixed interest rates of 4,75% (31 December 2014: borrowings with fixed interest rate of 4,75% p.a)

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NOTE 25 - BORROWINGS AND BORROWING COSTS (Continued)

The redemption schedule of long-term bank borrowings at 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
2016	-	5.502.997
2017	8.066.345	5.601.502
2018	7.121.292	4.583.330
2019	4.886.030	2.222.220
2020	7.446.387	-
	27,520,054	17.910.049

31 2015 ve 2014 tarihleri itibariyle, Şirket'in değişken ve sabit faiz oranlı finansal borçlarının faiz oranı yenileme tarihlerine göre hazırAs of 31 December 2015 and 2014, the carrying amounts of the borrowings with floating and fixed interest rates which were classified in terms of periods remaining to contractual repricing dates are as follows:

	3 months to	T . 1. 1
31 December 2015:	1 year	Total
Borrowing with variable interest rates	9.449.728	9.449.728
Borrowings with fixed interest rates	-	28.980.531
	9.449.728	38.430.259
31 December 2014:		
Borrowing with variable interest rates	10.510.649	10.510.649
Borrowings with fixed interest rates	-	13.852.976
	10.510.649	24.363.625

The carrying amounts and fair values of borrowings are as follows:

	Carrying an	Carrying amount		ue
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Bank borrowings	38.430.259	24.363.625	38.197.225	24.801.926

The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using the rate of 1,94% p.a. and 11,04% p.a. for EUR denominated bank borrowings and TL denominated bank borrowings, respectively

(31 December 2014: 2,17% p.a. and 10,42% p.a. for EUR denominated bank borrowings and TL denominated bank borrowings, respectively).

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NOTE 26 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Other short-term provisions:	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Provision of advertising and promotion	892.819	329.482
Other	39.223	9.000
	932.042	338.482

Aydın Bozdoğan Municipality charged a total of TL2.093.242 to the Company as the spring water fee in return for services rendered in line with Article 63 of the Law on Municipal Revenues within 2015 (31 December 2014: TL2.841.595). Regarding the mentioned spring water fee, the Company filed a lawsuit against Aydın Bozdoğan Municipality based on the claim that all procedures related to production permit, licensing, packaging, labelling, sales and audit of natural mineral waters are carried out by the Turkish Ministry of Health and its relevant bodies in line with the provisions of the "Regulation on Natural Mineral Waters" No. 25657, dated 1 December 2004. As of 31 December 2015, the local court rejected the lawsuit, which was subsequently taken to a higher court for appeal. Inline with the prudency principle of accounting, Company management recognised the mentioned spring water fee provision in the cost of sales. Movements of the provision the spring water fee porvision during the years 2015 and 2014 are as follow:

	2015	2014
1 January	-	95.226
Increase in period (Note 29)	2.093.242	2.841.595
Paid	(2.093.242)	(2.936.821)

Aydın Bozdoğan Municipality charged a total of TL2.093.242 to the Company as the spring water fee in return for services rendered in line with Article 63 of the Law on Municipal Revenues within 2015 and this amount is paid by the Company during the year 2015. As of 30 July 2015, Company's Aydın Bozdoğan spring water usage right has been renegotiated and usage right expanded for 5 years.

b) Guarantees given:	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Bails	70.613.333	94.023.333
Letters of guarantee	8.738.090	11.138.728
	79.351.423	105.162.061

As of 31 December 2015, bails given are mainly related to joint guarantees provided by The Company with Yaşar Group Companies for repayment of borrowings obtained by Yaşar Group companies from financial institutions amounting to EUR 22.222.222 equivalent of TL70.613.333 (31 December 2014: EUR33.333.333 equivalent of TL94.023.333)

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NOTE 26 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The collaterals, pledges and mortgages ("CPM") position of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follow:

		31 Decemi	ber 2015		31 Decemb	per 2014
			TL			TL
	urrency	Amount	Equivalent	Currency	Amount	Equivalent
CPM provided by the Company:						
A.Total amount of CPM given						
on behalf of the Company	TL	8.738.090	8.738.090	TL	11.138.728	11.138.728
B.Total amount of CPM given on behalf of						
fully consolidated companies		-	-		-	-
C.Total amount of CPM given for continuation of						
its economic activities on behalf of third parties		-	-		-	-
D.Total amount of other CPM		-	70.613.333		-	94.023.333
i. Total amount of CPM given on behalf of the main shareholde	r	-	-		-	-
ii. Total amount of CPM given on behalf						
other group companies which are not in scope of B and C	Euro	22.222.222	70.613.333	Euro	33.333.333	94.023.333
iii. Total amount of CPM given on behalf of	-	-	-	-	-	-
third parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-	-	-	-
			79.351.423			105.162.061
The ratio of total amount of other CPM to Equity			%131			160%

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NOTE 26 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
:) Guarantees received:		
Bails	33.108.501	22.212.470
Letters of guarantee	26.117.207	19.560.564
Mortgages	5.850.564	5.490.689
Guarantee notes	2.936.503	2.896.503
Guarantee cheques	240.000	-
Other	804.196	874.048
	69.056.971	51.034.274

Guarantees are mainly received from customers.

NOTE 27 - COMMITMENTS

Company doesn't have raw material purchase commitments as of 31 December 2015. (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 28 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
a) Payables for employee benefits		
Social security premiums	362.821	322.985
Payables to employees	7.465	15.731
	370.286	338.716
b) Short- term provisions for employee benefits		
Management bonus accrual	220.000	220.000
Seniority incentive bonus	49.545	41.621
	269.545	261.621
c) Long - term provisions for employee termination benefits		
Provision for employment termination benefits	1.921.790	1.749.436
Seniority incentive bonus	140.854	119.168
	2.062.644	1.868.604

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NOTE 28 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Under Turkish Labour Law, the companies incorporated in Turkey are required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or who retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL3.828,37 for each year of service as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL3.438,22).

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement. The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees with certain actuarial assumptions.

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. The maximum amount of TL4.092,53 which is effective from

1 January 2016 (1 January 2015: 3.541,37 TL) has been taken into consideration in calculating the provision for employment termination benefits of the Company which is calculated once in every six months.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Discount rate (p.a) (%)	3,95	3,95
Probability of retirement (%)	96,74	97,09

Movements of the provision for employment termination benefits during the years are as follows:

	2015	2014
1 January	1.749.436	1.900.678
Interest costs	175.844	160.071
Actuarial loss	463.046	268.430
Current service cost	274.148	262.349
Paid during the year	(740.684)	(842.092)
31 December	1.921.790	1.749.436

The total of interest cost and current service cost amounting to TL449.992 (31 December 2014: TL422.420) were totally allocated to general administrative expenses (31 December 2014: TL309.502) (Note 34) and there is not any allocations to cost of sales (31 December 2014: TL112.918).

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NOTE 29 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Raw material, direct material and finished goods	47.014.340	46.108.554
Transportation and export	29.460.072	26.896.749
Personnel	18.238.248	15.722.402
Advertising	11.555.473	7.007.261
Outsourced services	8.026.999	7.103.068
Depreciation and amortisation	7.406.436	6.806.290
Energy	5.258.196	4.828.577
Rent	4.092.267	2.872.375
Maintenance	3.838.970	3.424.702
Consultancy	2.876.584	2.520.104
Fee of mineral resource	2.093.242	2.841.595
Travel	526.813	494.659
Employment termination benefits	449.992	422.420
Communication	319.935	345.933
Representation	214.535	173.557
Other	8.738.923	8.769.369
	150.111.025	136.337.615
NOTE 30 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		

Other current assets	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
VAT receivable	6.767.218	1.778.023
Other	80.591	58.849
	6.847.809	1.836.872

NOTE 31 - SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

The Company adopted the registered share capital system available to companies registered with the CMB and set a limit on its registered share capital representing registered type shares with a nominal value of Kr1. The Company's historical authorised registered share capital at 31 December 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Registered share capital (historical values)	50.000.000	50.000.000
Paid-in share capital with nominal value	12.789.345	12.789.345

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NOTE 31 - SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Continued)

The compositions of the Company's share capital at 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follow:

	31 Decem	nber 2015	31 Decen	nber 2014
	Share		Share	
	Share	amount	Share	amount
	(%)	(TL)	(%)	(TL)
Yaşar Holding	58,00	7.417.547	58,00	7.417.546
Public quotation	31,78	4.064.924	31,78	4.064.924
Pınar Süt	8,77	1.122.150	8,77	1.122.150
YBP	0,80	101.992	0,80	101.992
Hedef Ziraat Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	0,09	11.318	0,09	11.318
YDT	0,03	3.773	0,03	3.773
Other	0,53	67.641	0,53	67.642
Total share capital	100,00	12.789.345	100,00	12.789.345
Adjustment to share capital		11.713.515		11.713.515
Total paid-in capital		24.502.860		24.502.860

In Turkey, companies may exceed registered share capital nonrecurringly-except for cash injection-through capital increase from internal sources. Registered share capital may not be exceeded through capital increase by cash injection.

Inflation adjustment to share capital amounting to TL11.713.515 (31 December 2014: TL11.713.515) represents the remaining amount after netting-off the accumulated losses of the year 2003 from the difference between restated share capital and historical cost of share capital.

The Company has 1.278.934.500 (31 December 2014: 1.278.934.500) units of shares with a face value of Kr1 each as of 31 December 2015.

The Company's authorised registered share capital is composed of registered shares and its shares have been quoted at the BIST. There are no privileges given to specific shareholders. Retained earnings, as per the statutory financial statements, are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below:

The legal reserves consists of first and second legal reserves appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of the statutory profits at the rate of 5%, until the total reserves reaches a maximum of 20% of the company's share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% off all distributions in excess of 5% of the company's share capital. Under TTC , the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid in share capital.

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NOTE 31 - SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Continued)

The aforementioned reserves were accounted for under "Restricted Reserves" in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. The restricted reserves of the Company amount to TL4.180.008 (31 December 2014: TL4.180.008) as of 31 December 2015. The unrestricted extraordinary reserves the Company amount to TL11.673.135 (31 December 2014: TL11.673.135), and classified in the retained earnings.

In accordance with related announcements of CMB "Share capital", "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premium" shall be carried at their statutory amounts. The valuation differences (e.g. the differences raising from inflation adjustments) shall be classified as follows:

- the difference arising from the "Paid-in Capital" shall be classified as the "Inflation Adjustment to Share Capital" if it is not transferred to capital yet;
- the difference due to the "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premium" shall be classified as "Retained earnings" if the amount has not been utilised in dividend distribution or capital increase yet. Other equity items shall be carried at the amounts calculated based on CMB Financial Reporting Standards.

Adjustment to share capital has no other use other than being transferred to share capital.

Quoted companies are subject to dividend requirements regulated by the CMB according to II-19.1 no. has enacted since 1 February 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and in conformity with relevant legislations. The communique does not state a minimum dividend rate. Companies distribute dividends in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of association. Additional, dividend can be distributed in fixed or variable installments and dividends advances can be paid over the profit on interim financial statements.

In line with Article 27 of the Company's Articles of Association, previous year losses, if any, are deducted from the net period profit and then overall legal reserve and the first dividend are allocated according to the Capital Markets Board legislation. Of the remaining amount, 10% of the portion is allocated in order to be distributed to founder shareholders in proportion with their shares. Of the remaining portion, an amount up to 5% can be set aside as allocation provision for the members of board of directors and for other items which the board of directors will determine and deem necessary in line with the decision made by the General Assembly.

Unless the general reserves that has to be appropriated in accordance with TCC or the dividend to shareholders as determined in the articles of association or dividend policy are set aside; no decision can be taken to set aside other reserves, to transfer reserves to be subsequent year or to distribute dividends to holders of usufruct right certificates, to board of directors members or to employees; and no dividend can be distributed to those unless the determined dividend to shareholders is paid in cash.

Dividend in public companies, of the date of distribution to all existing shares, regardless of the date of issuance and acquisition of these shares will be distributed equally.

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NOTE 32 - REVENUE

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Domestic sales	200.776.066	239.678.419
Export sales	14.559.880	12.352.043
Trade goods sales	3.937.050	3.093.854
Gross Sales	219.272.996	255.124.316
Less: Discounts	(73.294.890)	(122.032.772)
Return	(1.490.764)	(908.702)
Net sales	144.487.342	132.182.842
Cost of sales	(75.741.973)	(75.387.129)
Gross Profit	68.745.369	56.795.713

NOTE 33 - CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 34 - GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND MARKETING, SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
a) General administrative expenses:		
Personnel	7.267.835	5.829.338
Consultancy	2.150.348	1.853.883
Outsourced services	2.026.590	1.836.684
Depreciation and amortisation	1.054.024	340.885
Employment termination benefit	449.992	309.502
Rent	420.980	361.957
Energy	418.738	359.302
Travel	305.383	253.461
Representation	187.817	149.927
Communication	151.756	189.601
Other	810.160	933.951
	15.243.623	12.418.491

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NOTE 34 - GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND MARKETING, SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES (Continued)

b) Marketing, selling and distribution expenses:	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Transportation and export expenses	29.460.072	26.896.449
Advertising	11.555.473	7.007.261
Outsourced services	4.629.972	4.133.218
Personnel	4.568.507	3.644.826
Rent	2.234.790	1.351.117
Amortization and depreciation cost	1.980.187	1.542.337
Export commission	1.703.637	1.223.148
Energy	919.081	768.943
Maintenance	807.256	751.150
Consultancy	726.236	666.221
Other	540.218	547.325
	59.125.429	48.531.995

NOTE 35 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSE

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
a) Other operating income:		
Foreign exchange gain arising from commercial activities	430.401	326.831
Unearned financial income	73.140	284.990
Other	151.136	158.545
	654.677	770.366
b) Other operating expense:		
Provision for doubtful receivables	(1.100.498)	(54.927)
Foreign exchange loss arising from commercial activities	(752.583)	(222.797)
Rent expense	(618.038)	(1.096.731)
Unearned financial expense	(61.664)	(92.535)
Fees and aid	(55.695)	(80.445)
Impairment on property, plant and equipment	(108.031)	-
Other	(556.948)	(234.031)
	(3.253.457)	(1.781.466)

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NOTE 36 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
a) Income from investment activities:		
Gain on sale of property plant and equipment	665.060	131.383
Gain from Sale of Available for Sale Asset	-	9.103.035
Dividend income	-	172.523
Other	651.559	35.778
	1.316.619	9.442.719
b) Expense from investment activities:		
Loss on sale of property plant and equipment	(91.549)	(3.645)
	(91.549)	(3.645)

NOTE 37 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

Please see Note 29.

NOTE 38 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
	0.44.450	0.40.000
Interest income	841.156	248.922
Foreign exchange gain	753.935	252.404
Bail income	331.303	543.824
	1.926.394	1.045.150
Interest expense	(3.909.064)	(2.910.049)
Foreign exchange loss	(1.017.916)	(150.830)
Bank commissions and overdue charges	(336.877)	(455.700)
Other	(532.156)	-
	(5.796.013)	(3.516.579)

NOTE 39 - ANALYSIS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Please see Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income.

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NOTE 40 - NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 41 - INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND TAX LIABILITIES)

In Turkey, the corporation tax rate of the fiscal year 2015 is 20% (31 December 2014: 20%). Corporation tax is payable at a rate of 20% on the total income of the Company after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, exempt income (exemption for participation in subsidiaries, exemption for investment incentive allowance etc.) and allowances (such as research and development expenditure allowances). No further tax is payable unless the profit is distributed (except for withholding tax at the rate of 19,8% (31 December 2014: 19,8%), calculated on an exemption amount if an investment allowance is granted in the scope of Income Tax Law temporary article 61).

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey, or resident corporations are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15% (31 December 2014: 15%). An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered profit distribution and thus does not incur withholding tax.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporation tax quarterly at the rate of 20% (31 December 2014: 20%) on their corporate income. Advance tax is declared by 14th and payable by the 17th of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Advance tax paid by corporations is credited against the annual corporation tax liability. If, despite offsetting, there remains an amount for advance tax amount paid, it may be refunded or offset against other liabilities to the government.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns within the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the financial year to which they relate.

Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings. Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

There are many exemptions in Corporate Tax Law regarding corporations. Those related to the Company are explained below:

Dividend gains from shares in capital of another corporation subject to resident taxpaying (except dividends from investment funds participation certificates and investment trusts shares) are exempt from corporate tax.

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NOTE 41 - INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND TAX LIABILITIES) (Continued)

According to Turkish Corporate Income Tax Law numbered 5520, effective from 21 June 2006, 75% portion of the gains derived from the sale of preferential rights, usufruct shares and founding shares from investment equity and real property, which has remained in assets for more than two full years are exempt from corporate tax. To be entitled to the exemption, the relevant gain is required to be held in a fund account in the liabilities and it must not be withdrawn from the entity for a period of five years. The sales consideration has to be collected up until the end of the second calendar year following the year the sale was realised.

75% of the profits from sale of preferential right certificates and share premiums generated from sale of shares at a price exceeding face values of those shares during incorporations or capital increases of joint stock companies are exempt from corporate tax.

Accordingly, the aforementioned gains/ (losses) which have been included in trade profit/ (loss) have been taken into consideration in calculation of Company's corporate tax.

Apart from the exemptions mentioned in the preceding paragraphs, the deductions granted in 14th and recurring 8th articles of Corporate Tax Law and 40 th article of the Income Tax Law together with the 10th article of Corporate Tax Law have been taken into consideration in calculation of the Company's corporate tax.

Transfer Pricing

Corporations should set the prices in accordance with the arm's length principle while entering into transactions regarding the sale or purchase of goods and services with related parties. Under the arm's length principle within the new legislation related parties must set the transfer prices for purchase and sale of goods and services as if they would have been agreed between third parties. Depending on the circumstances, a choice of accepted methods in aforementioned law of arm's length transaction has to be made by corporations for transactions with related parties. Corporations should keep the documentary evidence within the company representing how arm's length price has been determined and the methodology that has been chosen by use of any fiscal records and calculations in case of any request by tax authorities. Besides, corporations must report transactions with related parties in a fiscal period.

If a taxpayer enters into transactions regarding the sale or purchase of goods and services with related parties, where the prices are not set in accordance with the arm's length principle, then related profits are considered to be distributed in a disguised manner through transfer pricing. The profit distributed in a disguised manner through transfer pricing completely or partially, will be assessed as distributed profit share or transferred amount to headquarter for limited taxpayers. After the distributed profit share is considered as net profit share and complemented to gross amount, deemed profit will be subject to corporate tax. Previous taxation processes will be revised accordingly by taxpayer who distributes disguised profit. In order to make adjustments in this respect, the taxes assessed in the name of the company distributing dividends in a disguised manner must be finalised and paid.

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NOTE 41 - INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND TAX LIABILITIES) (Continued)

Taxes on income for the years 1 January- 31 December 2015 and 2014 are summarised as follow :

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Deferred tax income	1.869.413	357.088
Taxation on income	1.869.413	357.088

Prepaid taxes and corporate tax provision as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Corporate tax provision	-	-
Deduction: Prepaid tax	60.925	-
Taxation on income	60.925	

Reconciliation of taxation on income is as follows:

(Profit)/ Loss before tax	(10.867.012)	1.801.772
Tax calculated at rates applicable to the (loss)/ profit	2.173.402	(360.354)
Recognition of deferred income tax asset		
on investment incentive	1.246.296	-
Tax losses for which no deferred income tax asset was recognized	(1.307.552)	-
Tax credits and tax losses for which		
deferred income tax asset was recognized	-	758.907
Income not subject to tax	187.908	193.088
Non-deductible expenses	(264.589)	(132.146)
Other	(166.052)	(102.407)
Taxation on income/ (expense)	1.869.413	357.088

Deferred taxes

The Company recognises deferred income tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements as reported under the statutory tax financial statements. Deferred income taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realised or settled based on the taxable income in future periods under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 20% (31 December 2014: 20%).

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NOTE 41 - INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND TAX LIABILITIES) (Continued)

Details of cumulative temporary differences and the resulting deferred income tax assets and liabilities provided as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Cumulativetemporary differences			ncome tax liabilities)
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Revaluation of land, land improvements,	2013	2014	2013	2014
buildings, machinery and equipment Difference between carrying value (excluding revaluation reserve) and tax bases of property.	29.623.207	26.353.006	(4.657.152)	(3.950.405)
plant and equipment and intangible assets	3.726.460	5.288.733	(1.046.605)	(1.359.059)
Deduction of investment incentive	(22.742.185)	(14.433.546)	4.133.005	2.886.709
Provision for employment				
termination benefits	(1.921.790)	(1.749.436)	384.358	349.887
Difference between carrying value and				
tax bases of available-for-sale investments	(1.801.385)	(2.031.277)	300.051	346.029
Other	174.925	(68.673)	(34.985)	13.737
Deferred income tax assets			4.817.414	3.596.362
Deferred income tax liabilities			(5.738.742)	(5.309.464)
Deferred tax liabilities-net			(921.328)	(1.713.102)

The movement of deferred tax liabilities - net is as follows:

1 January 2014

1 December 2015	(921.328)
Charged to fair value reserve of available-for-sale investments	(45.978)
harged to actuarial loss arising from defined benefit plans	92.609
levaluation of property, plant and equipment	(1.124.270)
Credited to statement of comprehensive income	1.869.413
December 2014	(1.713.102)
	747.113
charged to dotadnal loss alloing norm defined benefit plans	747.113
harged to actuarial loss arising from defined benefit plans	53.686
redited to statement of comprehensive income	357.088

(2.870.989)

The Company did not recognise deferred income tax assets of TL2.470.872 arising from tax losses carried forward as their future utilization is not virtually certain (2014: TL1.154.050).

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NOTE 41 - INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND TAX LIABILITIES) (Continued)

Years of expiration of tax losses carried forward which were not recognized as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

Expiration years	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
2018	5.816.5	599 5.770.250
2020	6.537.7	761 -
	12.354.3	360 5.770.250

NOTE 42 - EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings/ (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/ (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased and held as treasury shares.

Companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earning/ (loss) per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issues without a corresponding change in resources, by giving them retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier year.

		1 January - 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Net profit/ (loss) for the year	А	(8.997.599)	2.158.860
Weighted average number of shares (Note 31)	В	1.278.934.500	1.278.934.500
Earnings/ (Loss) per 100 shares with a _ Kr1 face value	A/B	(0,7035)	0,1688

There are no differences between basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per share.

NOTE 43 - SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 44 - INSURANCE CONTRACTS

None (31 December 2014: None).

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NOTE 45 - EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

The foreign exchange risk of the Company is presented in Note 49.c.i.

NOTE 46 - REPORTING IN HYPERINFLATIONARY ECONOMIES

With the decision taken on 17 March 2005, numbered 11/367, the CMB announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey. Accordingly, TAS 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies", issued by the POA, has not been applied in the financial statements for the accounting year starting from 1 January 2005.

NOTE 47 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

None (31 December 2014: None).

NOTE 48 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The breakdown of available-for-sale investments for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015		31 December 2	2014
	Carrying amount (TL)	Share (%)	Carrying amount (TL)	Share (%)
Desa Enerji	2.803.694	6,07	2.708.317	6,07
Viking Kağıt YDT	601.615 581.039	1,69 1,76	507.692 540.447	1,69 1,76
	3.986.348		3.756.456	

Viking Kağıt is stated at quoted market prices as it is listed on BIST; YDT and Desa Enerji are stated at their fair values which are determined based on the discounted cash flows by using the market interest rates and the risk premium specific to unlisted companies within the related sectors.

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NOTE 48 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The discount and growth rates used in discounted cash flow models as at 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	Disco	Discount rate		Growth rate		
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December		
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
YDT	%11,24	% 8,54	%0	%0		
Desa Enerji	%9,55	%10,62	%0	%0		
Movements of available-for-s	sale investments in 2015 and 20	14 are as follows:				
			2015	2014		
1 January			3.756.456	24.499.401		
YBP (*)			-	(7.812.977)		
Sales of available for sale i	nvestments:					
YBP			-	(13.042.052)		
Fair value increase/ (decrea	ase):					
Desa Enerji			95.377	65.462		
YDT			40.592	6.007		
Viking Kağıt			93.923	40.615		
31 December			3.986.348	3.756.456		

(*) Company made revise in fair value calculation of YBP and accounted towards materiality principle as of 1 January 2014.

Movements of fair value reserves of available-for-sale investment are as follows:

	2015	2014
1 January	917.076	16.850.943
YBP (*)	-	(7.812.977)
Disposal of fund related with sale of available for sale investments	-	(8.980.087)
Increase in fair value	229.892	112.084
Deferred income tax on fair value reserves of		
available-for-sale investments (Note 41)	(45.978)	747.113
31 December	1.100.990	917.076

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, cash flow, fair value interest rate risk), capital risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

Risk management is carried out by the senior management and finance department of the Company under policies approved by Board of Directors. The Board of Directors provides principles for overall risk management as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and capital risk and closely monitors financial and operational risks.

The financial risk management objectives of the Company are defined as follows;

- Safeguarding the Company's core earnings stream from its major assets through the effective control and management of foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk,
- Effective and efficient usage of credit facilities in both the short and long term through the adoption of reliable liquidity management planning and procedures
- Effective monitoring and minimizing risks sourced from counterparts.

a) Credit risk:

Ownership of financial assets involves the risk that counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of their agreements and in turn credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits in banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. Risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. These risks are monitored by credit ratings and limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counter party and receiving guarantees when required. The Company's exports are realised by its related party, YDT and the related export receivables are monitored by YDT. The following tables analyse the Company's credit risk as of 31 December 2015 and 2014:

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 December 2015:		Receivables				
	Trade Re	Trade Receivables (1)		Other Receivables		
		Related	Third	Related	Third	Bank
	Parties	Parties	Parties	Parties	Deposits	Total
Maximum amount of credit risk exposed as of reporting date	9					
(A+B+C+D+E) (2)	1.970.866	16.447.284	5.741.057	678.409	2.010.975	26.848.591
- The part of maximum credit risk covered with guarantees	-	11.187.134	-	-	-	11.187.134
A. Net book value of financial assets not due or not impaired	1.237.305	13.873.027	5.741.057	678.409	2.010.975	23.540.773
B. Net book value of financial assets whose conditions are reneg	gotiated,					
otherwise will be classified as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of assets past due but not impaired (3)	733.561	2.574.257	-	-	-	3.307.818
- The part covered by guarantees etc.	-	706.630	-	-	-	706.630
D. Net book value of assets impaired -	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross book value)	-	1.976.010	-	-	-	1.976.010
- Impairment amount (-)	-	(1.976.010)	-	-	-	(1.976.010)
- The part of net value covered with guarantees etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not due (gross book value)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment amount (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value covered with guarantees etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off balance items exposed to credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 December 2014:		Receivables				
	Trade Receivables (1)		Other Rec	Other Receivables		
		Related	Third	Related	Third	Bank
	Parties	Parties	Parties	Parties	Deposits	Total
Maximum amount of credit risk exposed as of reporting date	e					
(A+B+C+D+E) (2)	1.927.407	19.908.370	8.860.902	586.425	2.596.214	33.879.318
- The part of maximum credit risk covered with guarantees	-	10.329.418	-	-	-	10.329.418
A. Net book value of financial assets not due or not impaired	751.270	16.889.769	8.617.868	586.425	2.596.214	29.441.546
B. Net book value of financial assets whose conditions are reneg	gotiated,					
otherwise will be classified as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of assets past due but not impaired (3)	1.176.137	3.018.601	243.034	-	-	4.437.772
- The part covered by guarantees etc.	-	1.648.122		-	-	-
1.648.122						
D. Net book value of assets impaired -	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross book value)	-	881.812	-	-	-	881.812
- Impairment amount (-)	-	(881.812)	-	-	-	(881.812)
- The part of net value covered with guarantees etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not due (gross book value)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment amount (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value covered with guarantees etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off balance items exposed to credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

(1) Trade receivables balances mainly resulted from the sale of pet bottled and bottled water.

(2) In the determination of related amounts, guarantees received providing increase credit reliability are not take into account.

(3) Considering the past experiences and collections subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Company management does not foresee any collection problem for the overdue receivables.

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	Receivables			
31 December 2015	Trade Receivables	Other Receivables	Total	
1 - 30 days overdue	1.819.308	_	1.819.308	
1 - 3 months overdue	1.045.018	-	1.045.018	
3 - 12 months overdue	443.492	-	443.492	
The part covered by guarantees	(706.630)	-	(706.630)	
	3.307.818	-	3.307.818	

TL1.309.797 of the receivables that were overdue but not impaired have been collected as of the approval date of the financial statements.

		Receivables			
	Trade	Other			
31 December 2015	Receivables	Receivables	Total		
1 - 30 days overdue	1.823.592	-	1.823.592		
1 - 3 months overdue	1.441.343	-	1.441.343		
3 - 12 months overdue	929.803	243.034	1.172.837		
The part covered by guarantees	(1.648.122)	-	(1.648.122)		
	4.194.738	243.034	4.437.772		

b) Liquidity risk:

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

The ability to fund the existing and prospective debt requirements is managed by maintaining the availability of fund providers' lines from high quality lenders. In order to maintain liquidity, the Company management closely monitors the collection of trade receivables on time in order to and to prevent any financial burden that may result from late collections and arranges cash and non-cash credit lines with banks for the use of the Company.

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The Company's liquidity analysis in respect of categories of financial liabilities as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

31 December 2015:

		Total cash				
		outflows per a				
	Book	agreement	Less than 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	
	value	(=I+II+III)	months (I)	months (II)	years (III)	
Contract terms:						
Non-derivative						
financial liabilities						
Bank borrowings	38.430.259	48.626.097	7.429.272	6.314.770	34.882.055	
Trade payables	50.583.038	50.972.815	44.427.163	4.310.210	2.235.442	
Other payables	1.148.106	1.148.106	1.148.106	-	-	
	90.161.403	100.747.018	53.004.541	10.624.980	37.117.497	
31 December 2014:						
		Total cash				
	D I	outflows per a		3 - 12		
	Book	agreement	Less than 3		1 - 5	
	value	(= + +)	months (I)	months (II)	years (III)	
Contract terms:						
Non-derivative						
financial liabilities						
Bank borrowings	24.363.625	32.283.041	2.262.851	6.741.980	23.278.210	
Trade payables	33.323.424	33.842.521	25.707.895	4.620.442	3.514.184	
Other payables						
Other payables	793.102	793.102	793.102	-	-	

c) Market Risk:

i) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risks through the impact of rate changes on translation into TL of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. These risks are monitored by analyses of the foreign currency position. Current risks are discussed by the Audit Committee and Board of Director's meetings regularly and the foreign exchange rates relevant to the foreign currency position of the Company are followed up.

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	Foreign Currency Position							
		31 December 2015				31 December 2014		
	TL			Other	· TL			Othe
Ec	quivalent	USD	EUR	TL Equivalent		USD	EUR	TL Equivalen
1 Trade Receivables 2	.238.964	135.175	345.219	748.960	1.502.832	84.281	298.258	466.097
2a. Monetary Financial Assets (Cash, Bank			0.012.10	1 101000		011201	200.200	
accounts included)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Other	3.304	-	1.040	-	-	-	-	
4. Current Assets (1+2+3) 2	.242.268	135.175	346.259	748.960	1.502.832	84.281	298.258	466.097
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Other 3	.177.600	-	1.000.000	-	-	-	-	-
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)) 3	.177.600	-	1.000.000	-	-	-	-	-
9. Total Assets (4+8) 5	.419.868	135.175	1.346.259	748.960	1.502.832	84.281	298.258	466.097
10 Trade Payables (5.	.015.787)	(35.240)	(1.541.782)	(14.159)	(1.616.283)	(24.995)	(512.186)	(113.601)
	(773.525)	(00.2+0)	(243.431)	(14.100)	(658.135)	(24.000)	(233.323)	(110.001)
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	(2101101)	-	-	-	(200.020)	-
12b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
-	789.312)	(35.240)	(1.785.212)	(14.159)	(2.274.418)	(24.995)	(745.509)	(113.601)
. , .	235.442)	-	(703.500)	-	(3.307.271)	-	(1.172.500)	-
	.006.093)	-	(316.620)	-	(1.568.437)	-	(556.045)	-
16a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Long Term Liabilities (14+15+16) (3.	241.535)	-	(1.020.120)	-	(4.875.708)	-	(1.728.545)	-
18. Total Liabilities (13+17) (9.	030.847)	(35.240)	(2.805.332)	(14.159)	(7.150.126)	(24.995)	(2.474.054)	(113.601)
 Net Asset/ (Liability) Position of Off Balance SI Derivative Instruments (19a-19b) 	heet	_	_	_	_	_		_
19a. Amount of Asset Nature Off-Balance Sheet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative Instruments	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
19b. Amount of Liability Nature Off-Balance Sheet								
Derivative Instruments	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20. Net Foreign Asset/								
-	610.979)	99.935	(1.459.073)	734.801	(5.647.294)	59.286	(2.175.796)	352.496
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset/ (Liability) Position	1 of							
Monetany Items (TERS 7 822)								
Monetary Items (TFRS 7.B23)	701 992)	00 025	(2 460 114)	724 904	(5 647 204)	50 226	(2 175 706)	252 406
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a) (6.	791.883) for	99.935	(2.460.114)	734.801	(5.647.294)	59.286	(2.175.796)	352.496
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a) (6. 22. Total Fair Value of Financial Instruments Used		99.935	(2.460.114)	734.801	(5.647.294)	59.286	(2.175.796)	352.496
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a) (6. 22. Total Fair Value of Financial Instruments Used Foreign Currency Hedging		99.935 893.497	(2.460.114)	734.801 5.664.353	(5.647.294) 12.597.903	59.286 1.240.224	(2.175.796)	352.496 4.884.909

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NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 December 2015	Table of Sensitivity Analysis for Foreign Currency Risk				
	Profit/ Loss		Equ	uity	
	Appreciation of	Depreciation of	Appreciation of	Depreciation of	
t	foreign currency	foreign currency	foreign currency	foreign currency	
Change of USD by 10% against TL:					
1- Asset/Liability denominated in USD	29.057	(29.057)	29.057	(29.057)	
2- The part of USD risk hedged (-)	-	-	-	-	
3- USD Effect - net (1+2)	29.057	(29.057)	29.057	(29.057)	
Change of EUR by 10% against TL:					
4- Asset/ Liability denominated in EUR	(781.726)	781.726	(781.726)	781.726	
5- The part of EUR risk hedged (-)	-	-	-	-	
6- EUR Effect - net (4+5)	(781.726)	781.726	(781.726)	781.726	
Change of other currencies by 10% against TL					
7- Assets/ Liabilities denominated in other foreign currenci	ies 73.480	(73.480)	73.480	(73.480)	
8- The part of other foreign currency risk hedged (-)					
9- Other Foreign Currency Effect - net (7+8)	73.480	(73.480)	73.480	(73.480)	
TOTAL (3+6+9)	(679.189)	679.189	(679.189)	679.189	

The Company does not hedge foreign currency denominated liabilities by using hedge instruments.

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PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 December 2014	Table of Se	ensitivity Analysis for F	preign Currency Risk		
	Profi	t/ Loss	Equity		
	Appreciation of	Depreciation of	Appreciation of	Depreciation of	
	foreign currency	foreign currency	foreign currency	foreign currency	
Change of USD by 10% against TL:					
1- Asset/Liability denominated in USD	13.749	(13.749)	13.749	(13.749)	
2- The part of USD risk hedged (-)	-	-	-	-	
3- USD Effect - net (1+2)	13.749	(13.749)	13.749	(13.749)	
Change of EUR by 10% against TL:					
4- Asset/ Liability denominated in EUR	(613.728)	613.728	(613.728)	613.728	
5- The part of EUR risk hedged (-)	-	-	-	-	
6- EUR Effect - net (4+5)	(613.728)	613.728	(613.728)	613.728	
Change of other currencies by 10% against TL					
7- Assets/ Liabilities denominated in other foreign currencies	35.250	(35.250)	35.250	(35.250)	
8- The part of other foreign currency risk hedged (-)					
9- Other Foreign Currency Effect - net (7+8)	35.250	(35.250)	35.250	(35.250)	
TOTAL (3+6+9)	(564.729)	564.729	(564.729)	564.729	

The Company does not hedge foreign currency denominated liabilities by using hedge instruments..

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

ii) Interest Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing assets and liabilities.

	Interest Rate P	te Position Schedule		
Financial instruments with fixed interest rate	31 December 2015	31 December 2014		
Financial assets Financial liabilities	26.757.459 80.711.675	32.580.719 47.969.502		
Financial instruments with floating interest rate				
Financial liabilities	9.449.728	10.510.649		

iii) Price risk

The operational profitability of the Company and the cash flows generated by these operations are affected by the changes in the raw material prices and market competition. These prices are closely followed up by the Company management to reduce the pressure of the costs on selling prices and necessary precautions for cost reductions are taken accordingly. Price risk is monitored by Board of Directors and Audit Committee via regular meetings.

d) Capital risk management:

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio and changes in the earnings before interest depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"). Gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings due to related parties - non trade less cash and cash equivalents. EBITDA is calculated as operational profit/ (loss) less depreciation, amortization, employment termination benefits and other nonrecurring expenses.

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PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 49 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Total financial liabilities	38.430.259	24.363.625
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	(2.015.677)	(2.614.392)
Net debt	36.414.582	21.749.233
Total equity	53.745.014	58.942.993
Debt/ equity ratio	%68	37%

NOTE 50 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES)

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realise in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments:

Financial Assets

The fair values of balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated at year-end exchange rates, are considered to approximate to their carrying values. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at their fair values. The fair values of trade receivables and due from related parties, are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature. The cost of financial assets available for sale investments less, if any, impairments are considered to approximate their fair values.

Financial Liabilities

Fair values of bank borrowings are disclosed in Note 25.

Trade payables, payables to related parties and other monetary liabilities are estimated to be presented with their discounted carrying amounts and they are considered to approximate to their fair values and the fair values of balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated at year-end exchange rates, are considered to approximate carrying values.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 50 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) (Continued)

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2015 and 2014:

31 December 2015

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 (*)	Total	
Available-for-sale investments	601.615	-	3.384.733	3.986.348	
Total assets				3.986.348	
31 December 2014					
Available-for-sale investments	507.692	-	3.248.764	3.756.456	
Total assets				3.756.456	

(*)Please see Note 48 for the movement of Level 3 financial instruments.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Property, Plant and Equipment:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Land	_	8.097.520	-	8.097.520
Buildings and land improvements	-	26.959.772	-	26.959.772
Machinery and equipment	-	44.045.175	-	44.045.175
Total assets	-	79.102.467	-	79.102.467

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PINAR SU SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 50 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) (Continued)

31 December 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Property, Plant and Equipment:					
Land	-	8.894.000	-	8.894.000	
Buildings and land improvements	-	16.438.407	-	16.438.407	
Machinery and equipment	-	41.279.531	-	41.279.531	
Total assets	-	66.611.938	-	66.611.938	

NOTE 51 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None.

NOTE 52 - OTHER MATTERS THAT MAY HAVE A MATERIAL EFFECT ON, OR BE EXPLAINED FOR THE CLEAR UNDERSTANDING OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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None (31 December 2014: None).

INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS

Stock Exchange

Pinar Su Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. shares are traded at Borsa Istanbul Main Market under the ticker symbol PINSU.

Initial Public Offering Date: 28.08.1987 (Date of First Transaction)

Ordinary General Assembly Meeting

As per the resolution by the Board of Directors of Pinar Su Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş., the Company's Ordinary General Assembly Meeting will be held on March 30, 2016, Wednesday at 10:30 at Kemalpaşa Caddesi No: 317 Pinarbaşı/Izmir.

Profit Distribution Policy

The general profit distribution policy of Pinar Su Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. is publicly disclosed available at the investor relations page of the Company's corporate web site (www.pinar.com.tr) in Turkish and English.

Since the Company showed a loss as a result of its 2014 operations, The Board of Directors resoluted at the Board Meeting dated March 08, 2016 not to distribute profits is to be submitted to the approval of the Ordinary General Assembly.

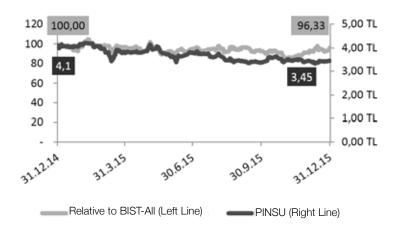
Investor Relations

Pinar Su Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Investor Relations Department Şehit Fethi Bey Caddesi No: 120 35210 İzmir Tel: +90 (232) 495 00 00 Fax: +90 (232) 489 15 62 E-mail: investorrelations@pinarsu.com.tr

To access Pinar Su investor relations web site:



Pinar Su Share Performance (Compared to BIST ALL Index)



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